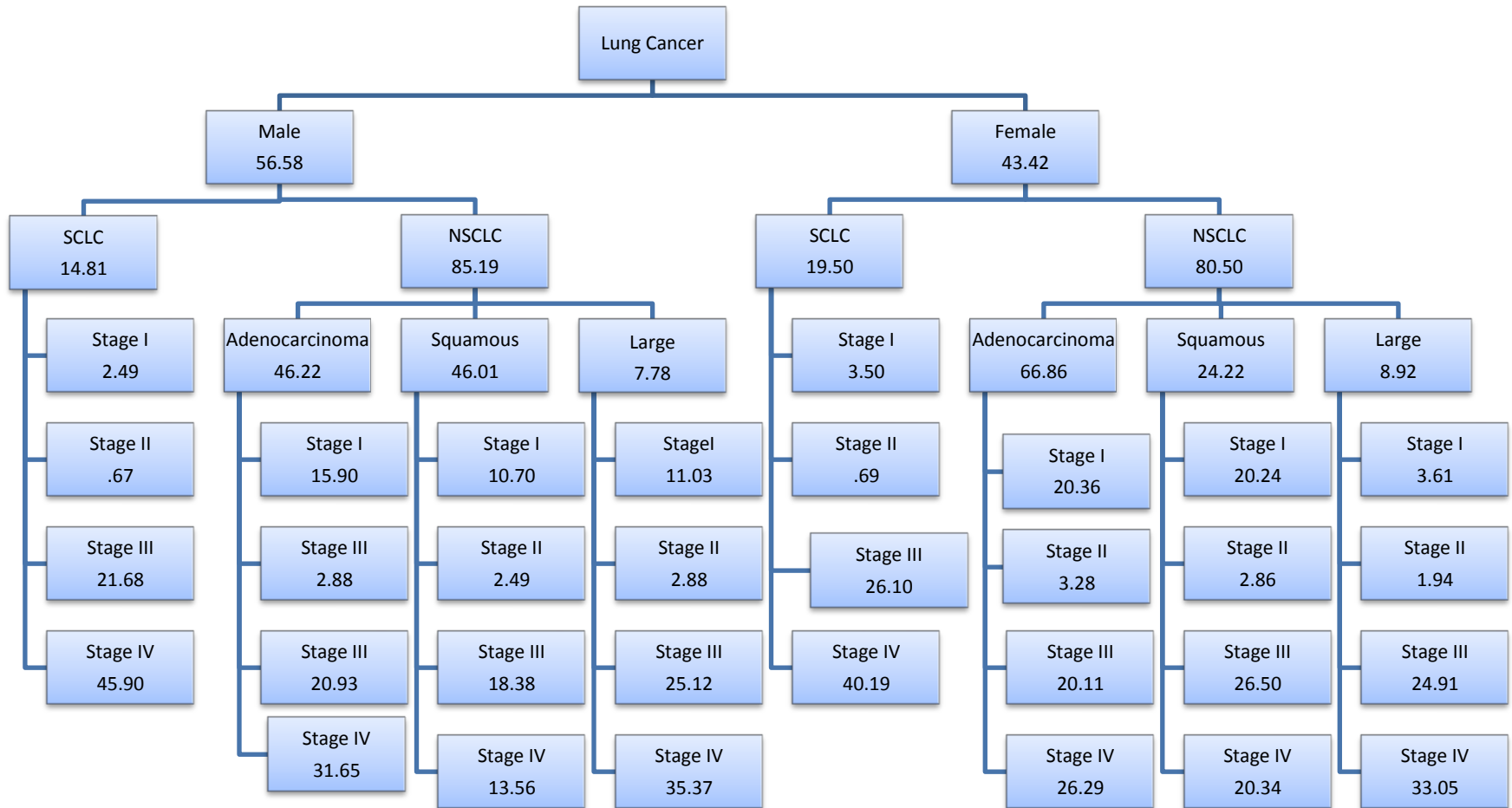


Lung Cancer

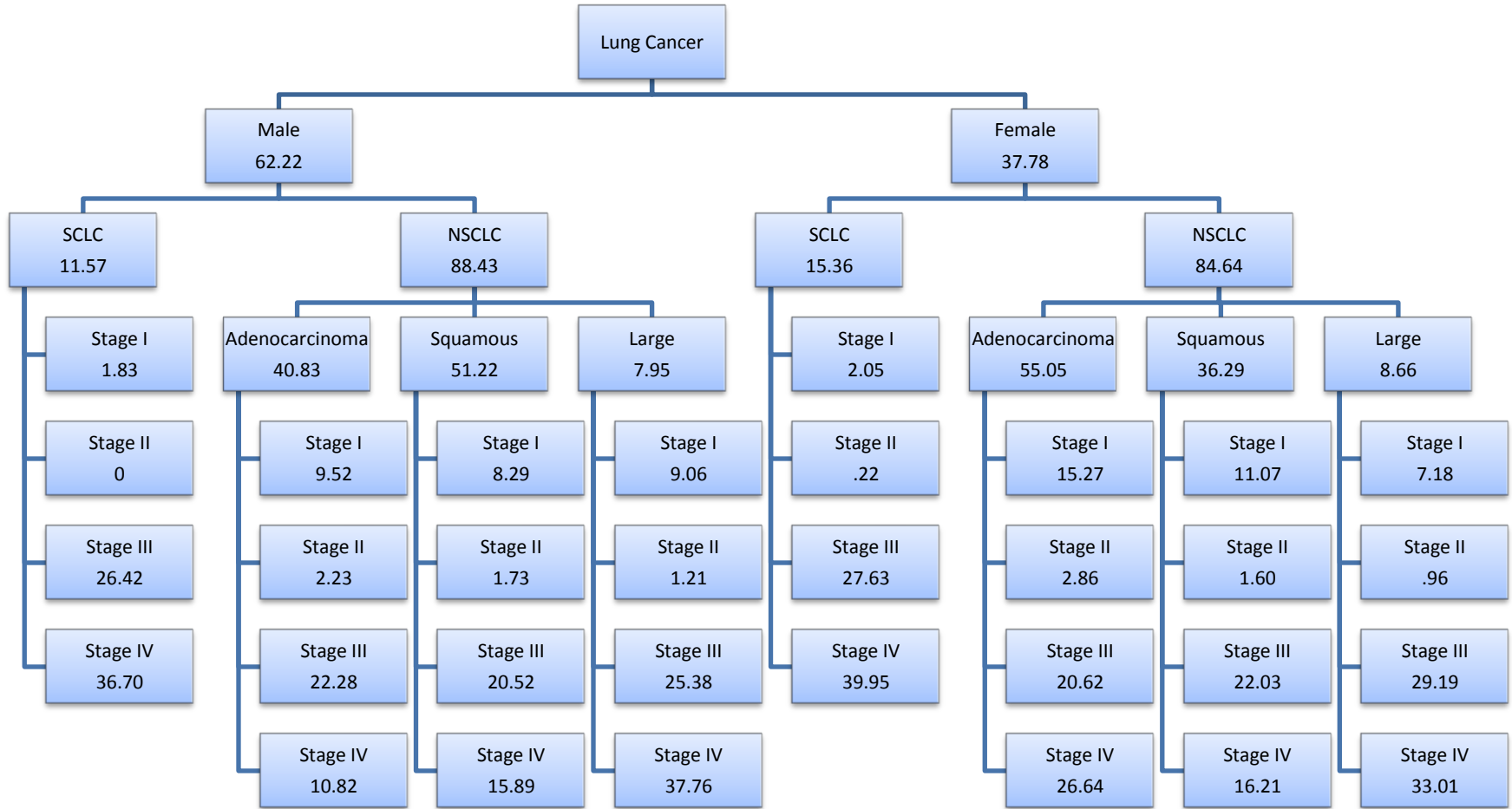
Is there any significant difference of tumor size with respect to:

- Gender?
- Race?
- Stages?
- Age?

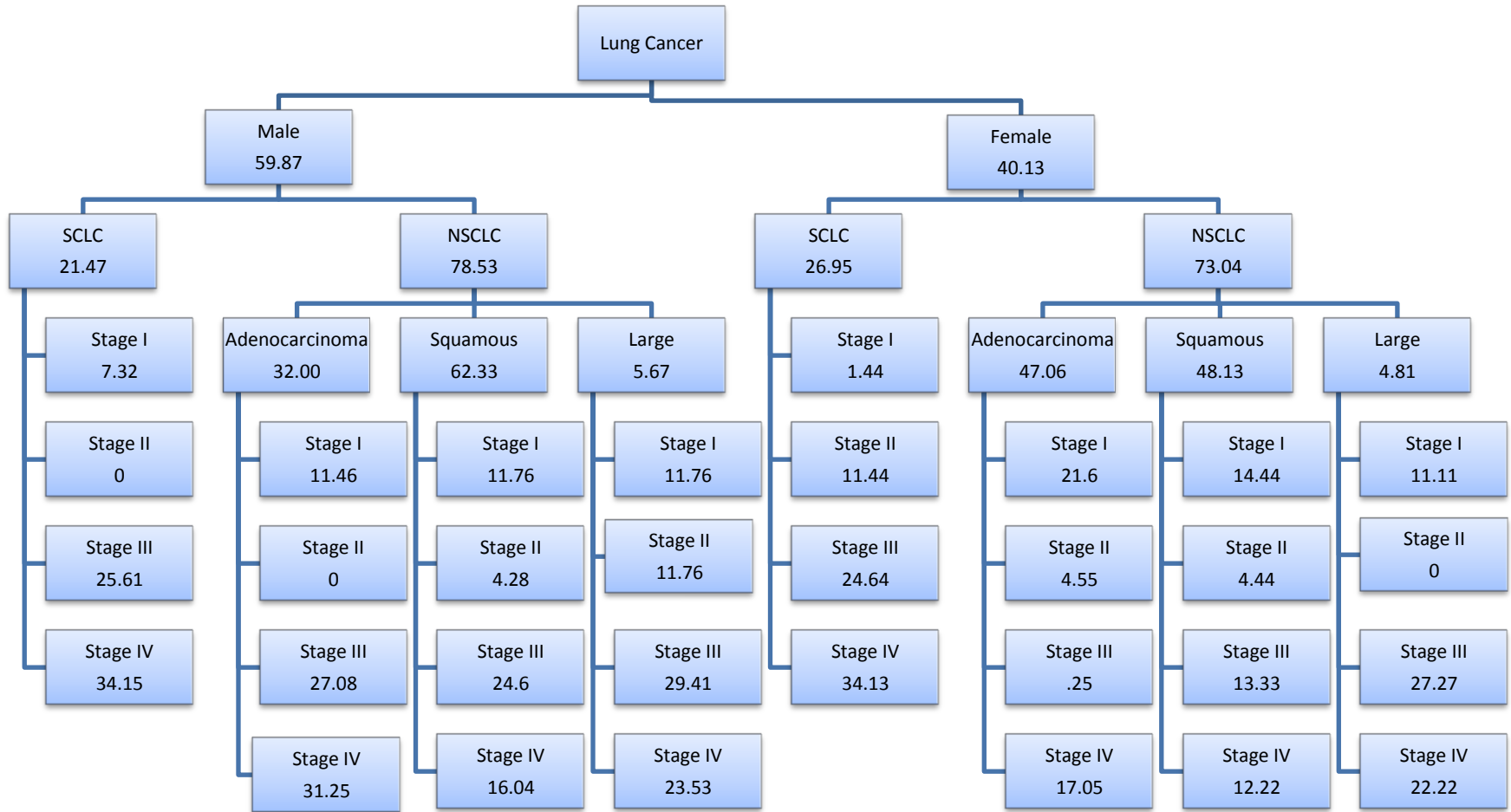
Schematic Data White Race tree Diagram%

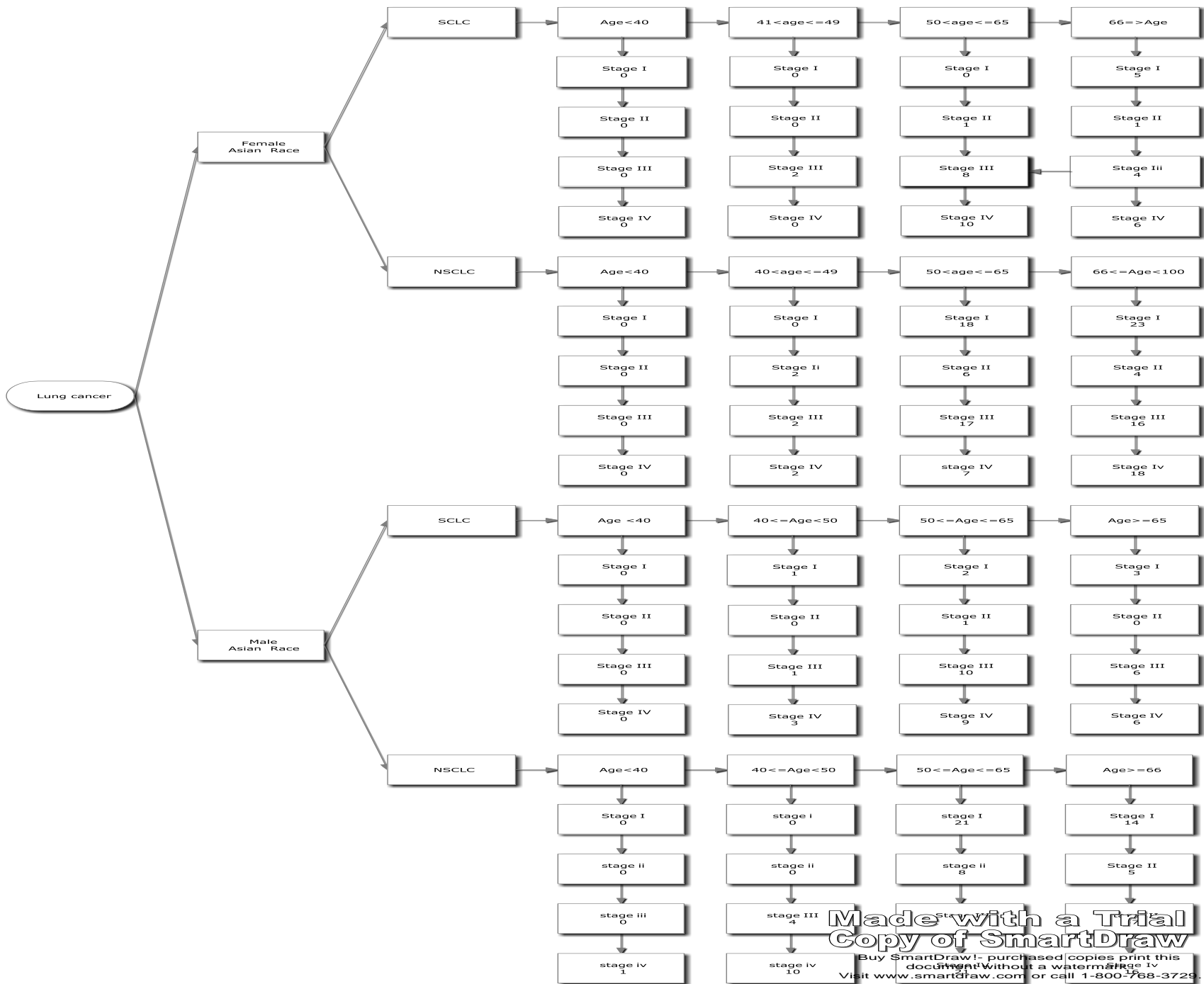


Schematic Data tree Diagram % Of Black Race

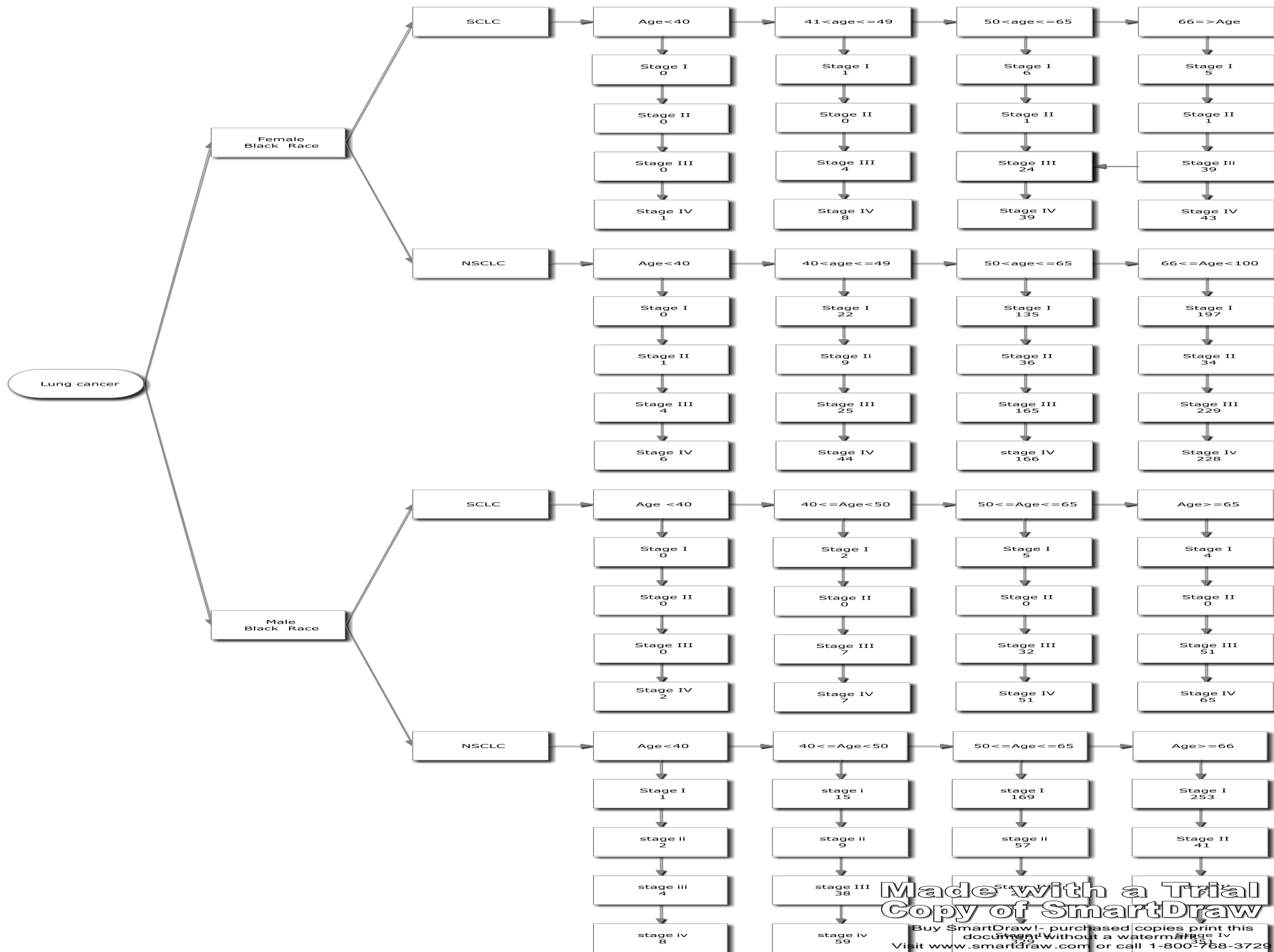


schematic Data tree Diagram% of Asian Race



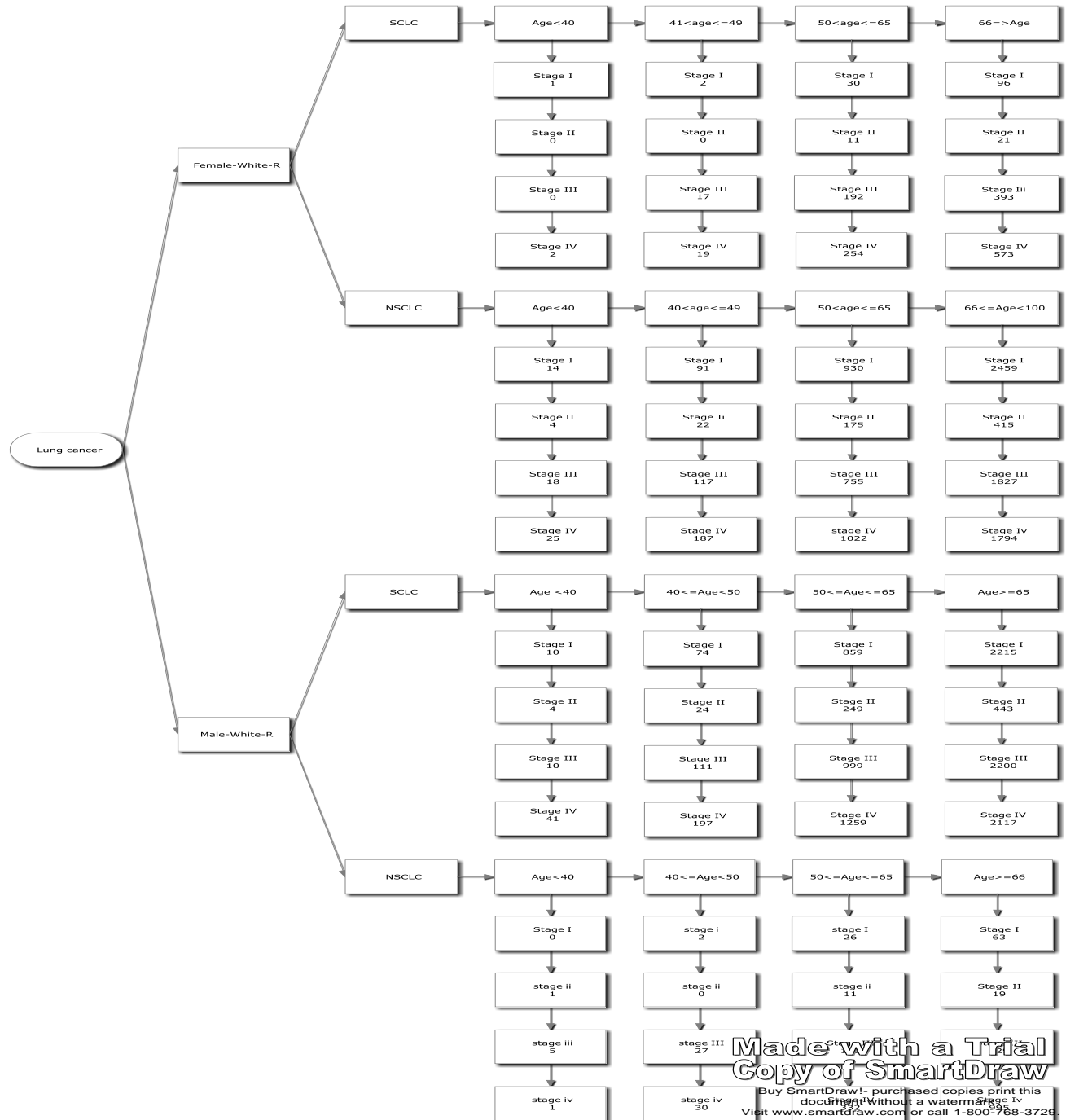


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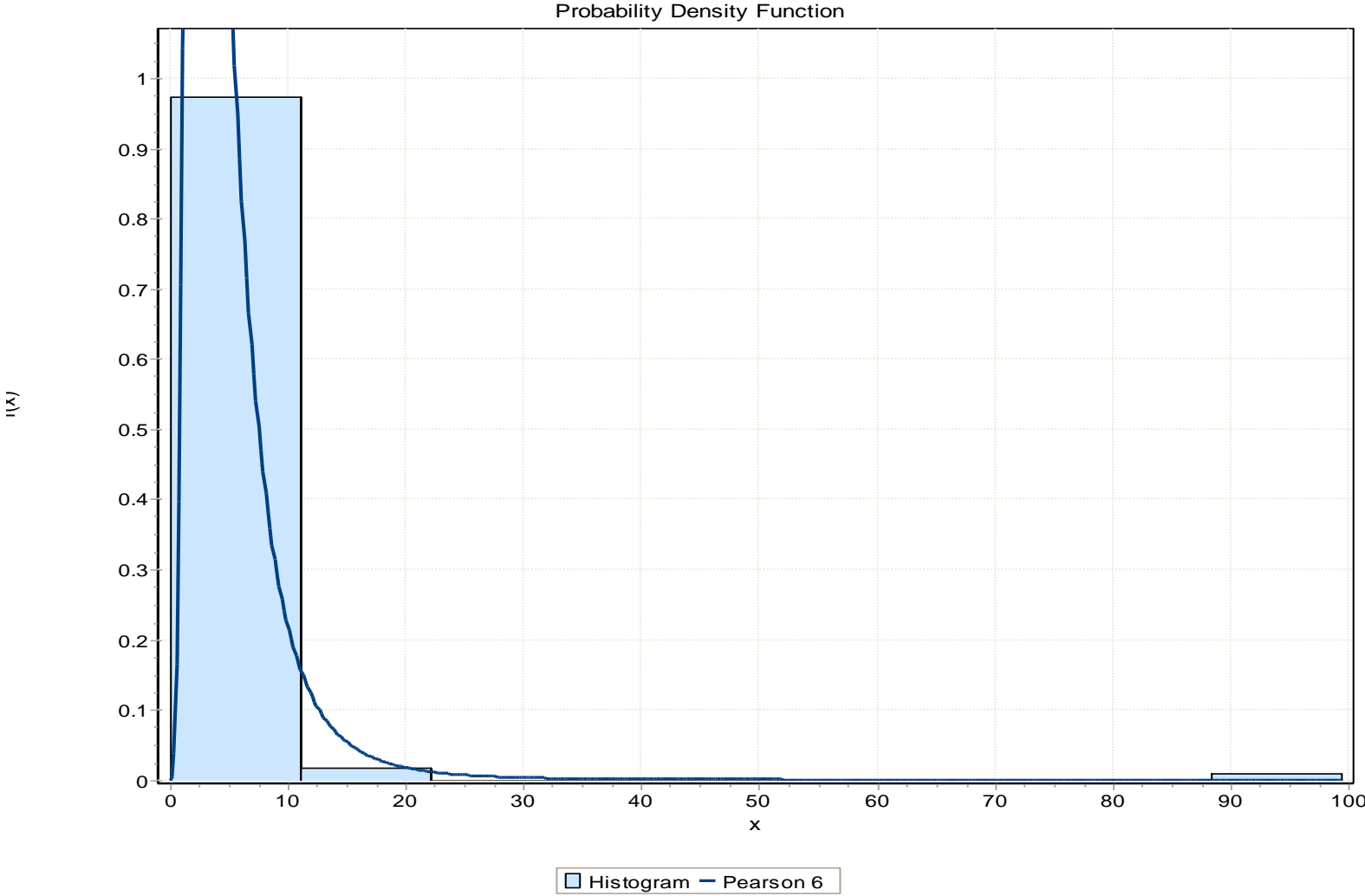
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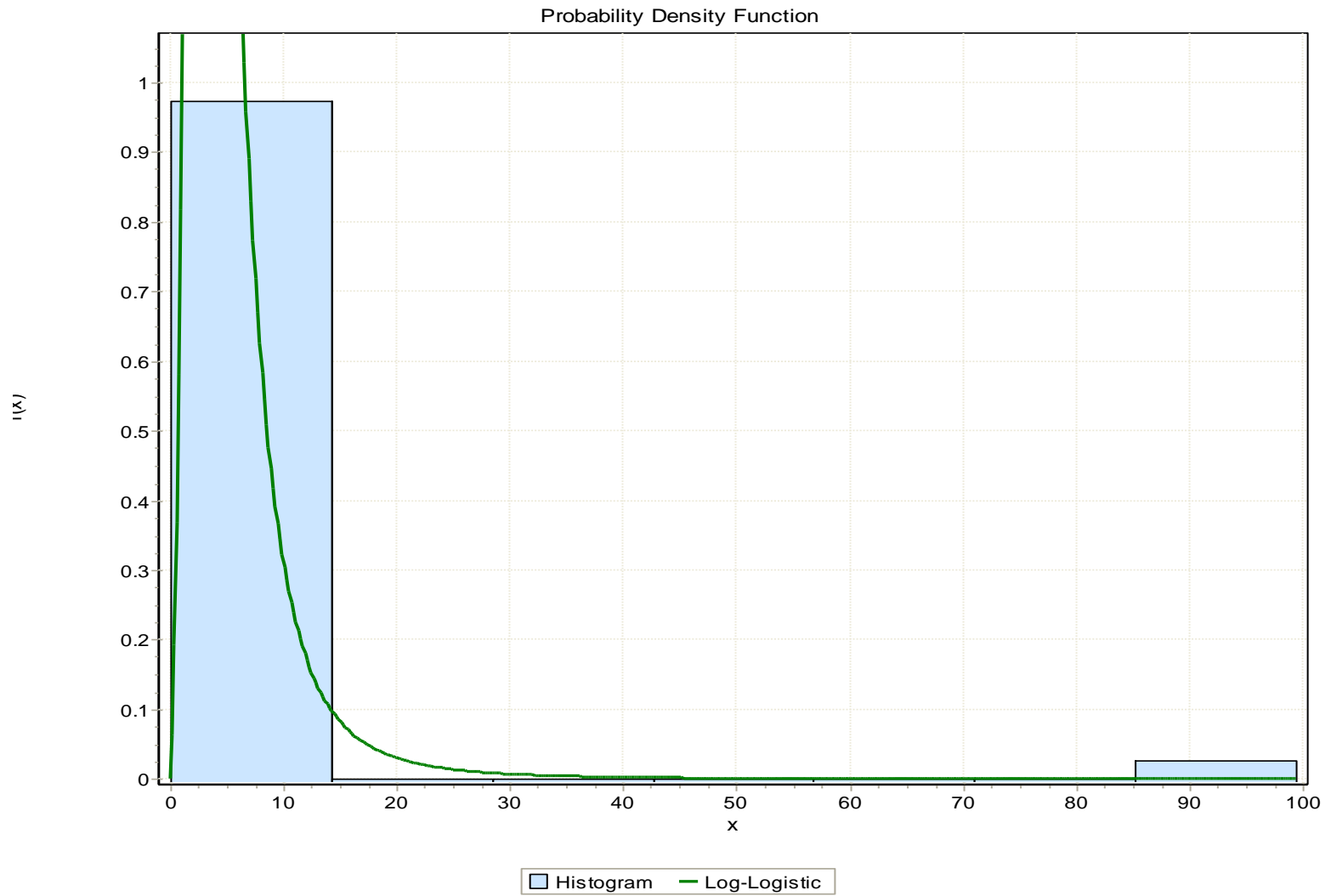
Lung Distribution (NSCLC and SCLC) Asian Race:



$$\hat{\alpha}_1 = 6.284 \quad \hat{\alpha}_2 = 4.353 \quad \hat{\beta} = 2.597$$

Probability density function :	$f(x) = \frac{1}{\beta B(\alpha_1, \alpha_2)} \frac{(x/\beta)^{\alpha_1-1}}{\left(1 + \frac{x}{\beta}\right)^{\alpha_1+\alpha_2}}$ <p>where $B(\alpha_1, \alpha_2)$ is a Beta function</p>
Cumulative distribution function :	No closed form
Parameter restriction :	$\alpha_1 > 0, \alpha_2 > 0, \beta > 0$
Domain :	$0 \leq x < +\infty$
Mean :	$\frac{\beta \alpha_1}{\alpha_2 - 1} \quad \text{for } \alpha_2 > 1$
Mode :	$\frac{\beta(\alpha_1 - 1)}{\alpha_2 + 1} \quad \text{for } \alpha_1 > 1$ <p style="text-align: center;">0 <i>otherwise</i></p>
Variance :	$\frac{\beta^2 \alpha_1 (\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 - 1)}{(\alpha_2 - 1)^2 (\alpha_2 - 2)} \quad \text{for } \alpha_2 > 2$
Skewness :	$2 \sqrt{\frac{\alpha_2 - 2}{\alpha_1 (\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 - 1)}} \left[\frac{2\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 - 1}{\alpha_2 - 3} \right] \quad \text{for } \alpha_2 > 3$
Kurtosis :	$\frac{3(\alpha_2 - 2)}{(\alpha_2 - 3)(\alpha_2 - 4)} \left[\frac{2(\alpha_2 - 1)^2}{\alpha_1 (\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 - 1)} + (\alpha_2 + 5) \right]$ <p style="text-align: right;"><i>for } \alpha_2 > 4</i></p>

SCLC Distribution Asian –Race:

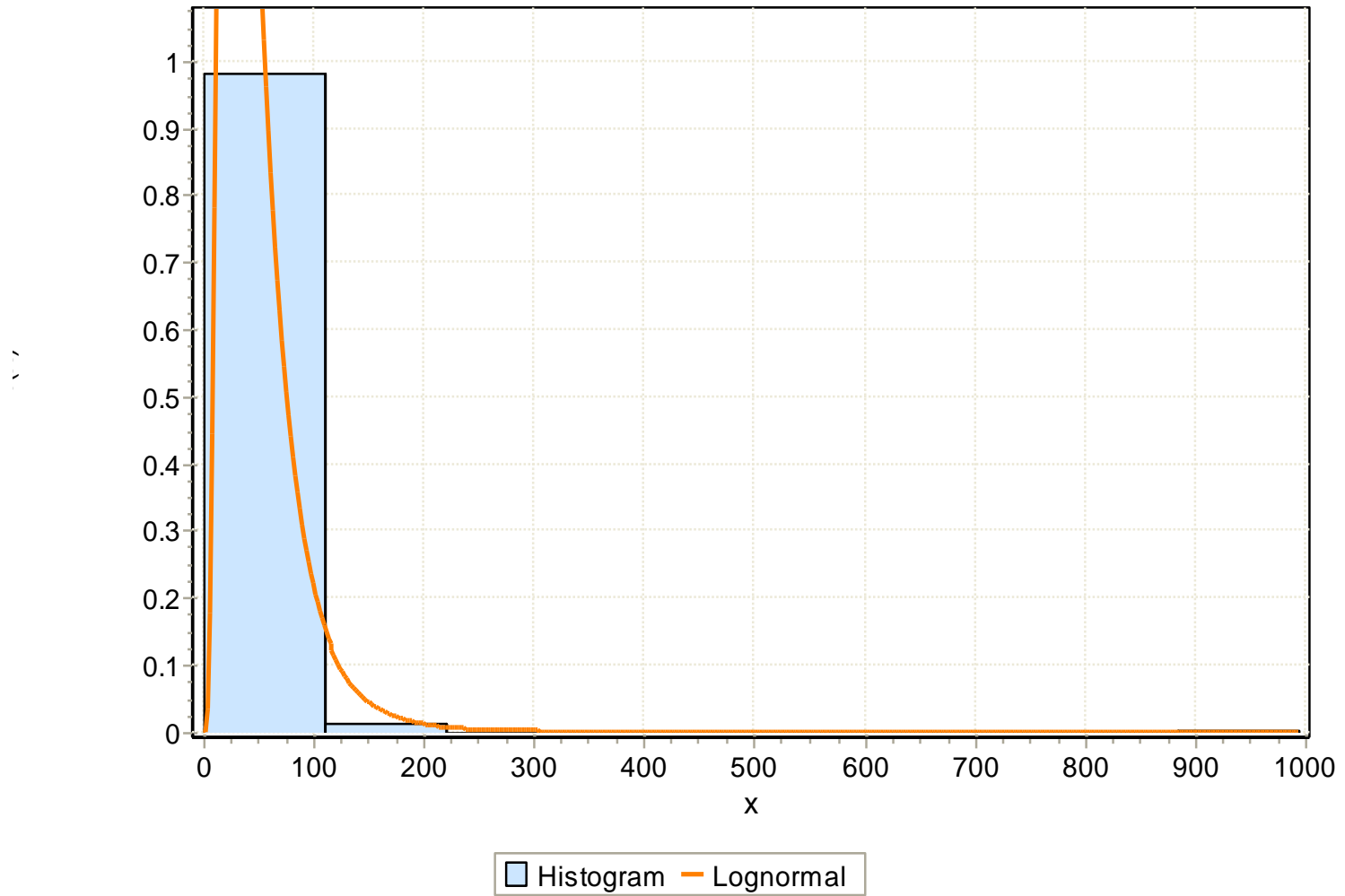


$$\hat{\alpha} = 2.618, \hat{\beta} = 4.21$$

Probability density function :	$f(x) = \frac{z}{\beta(1+z)^2}$ where $z = \exp\left(-\frac{x-\alpha}{\beta}\right)$
Cumulative distribution function :	$F(x) = \frac{1}{1+z}$
Parameter restriction :	$\beta > 0$
Domain :	$-\infty < x < +\infty$
Mean :	α
Mode :	α
Variance :	$\frac{\beta^2 \pi^2}{3}$
Skewness :	0
Kurtosis :	4.2

NSCLC Distribution –Asian Race:

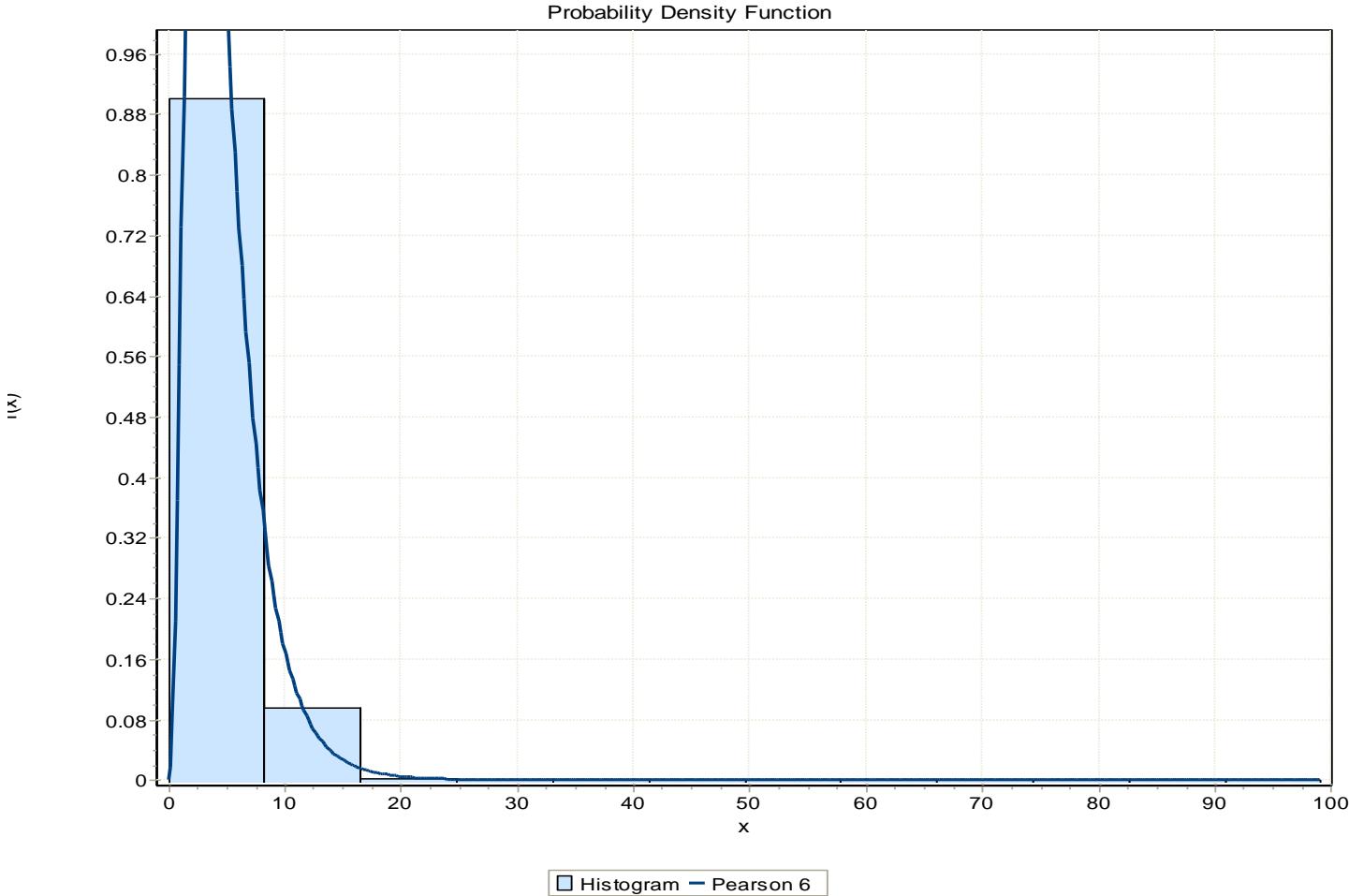
Probability Density Function



$$\hat{\mu} = 3.631, \hat{\sigma} = 0.63388$$

Probability density function :	$f(x) = \frac{1}{x\sqrt{2\pi\sigma_1^2}} \exp\left[-\frac{(\ln[x] - \mu_1^2)}{2\sigma_1^2}\right]$ <p>where $\mu_1 = \ln\left[\frac{\mu^2}{\sqrt{\sigma^2 + \mu^2}}\right]$ and $\sigma_1 = \sqrt{\ln\left[\frac{\sigma^2 + \mu^2}{\mu^2}\right]}$</p>
Cumulative distribution function :	<i>No closed form</i>
Parameter restriction :	$\sigma > 0, \mu > 0$
Domain :	$x \geq 0$
Mean :	μ
Mode :	$\exp(\mu_1 - \sigma_1^2)$
Variance :	σ^2
Skewness :	$\left(\frac{\sigma}{\mu}\right)^3 + 3\left(\frac{\sigma}{\mu}\right)$
Kurtosis :	$z^4 + 2z^3 + 3z^2 - 3$ where $z = 1 + \frac{\sigma^2}{\mu^2}$

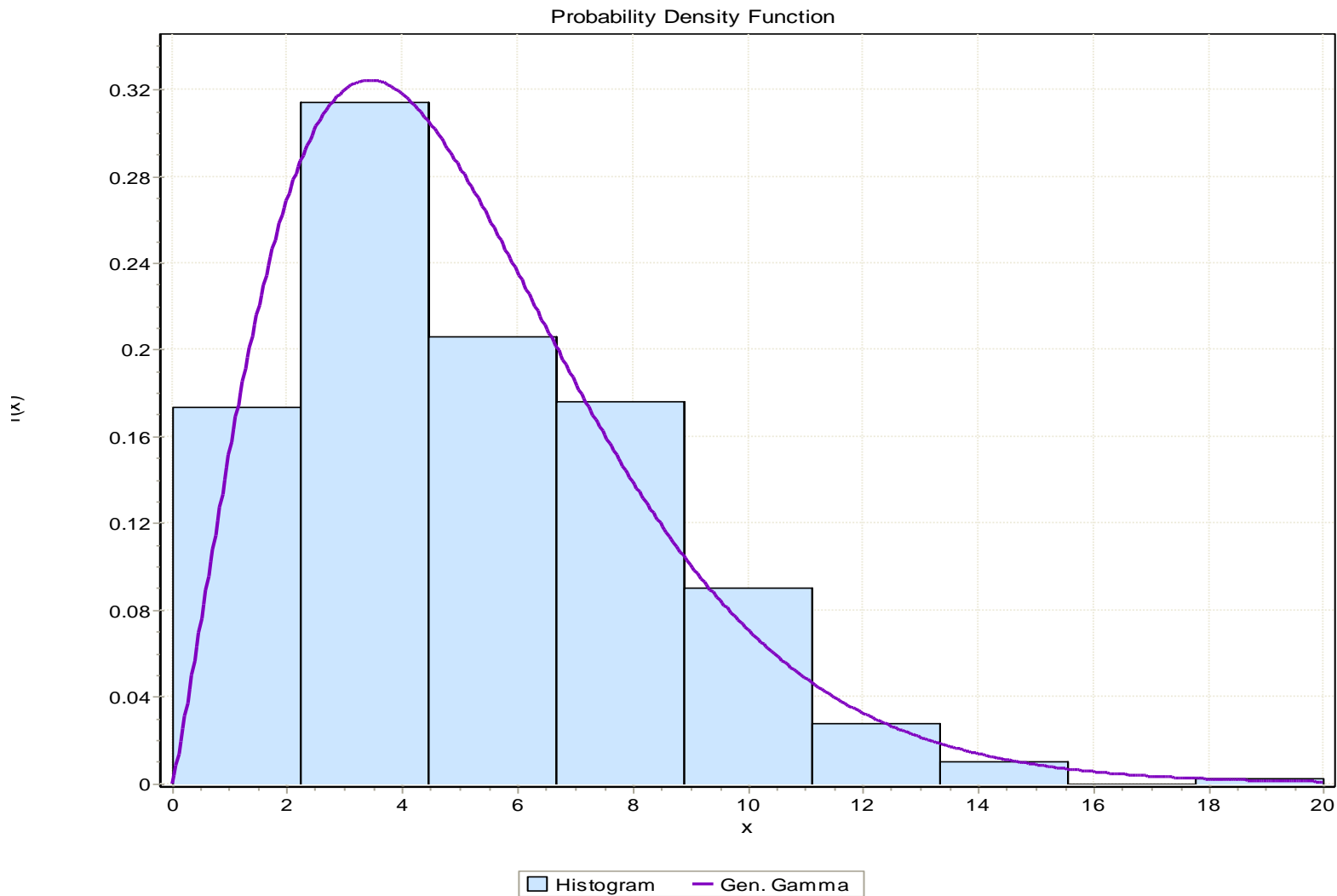
African American Race- Distribution Lung (NSCLC and SCLC):



$$\hat{\alpha}_1 = 3.71, \hat{\alpha}_2 = 11.7, \hat{\beta} = 13.6$$

Probability density function :	$f(x) = \frac{1}{\beta B(\alpha_1, \alpha_2)} \frac{(x/\beta)^{\alpha_1-1}}{\left(1 + \frac{x}{\beta}\right)^{\alpha_1+\alpha_2}}$ <p>where $B(\alpha_1, \alpha_2)$ is a Beta function</p>
Cumulative distribution function :	No closed form
Parameter restriction :	$\alpha_1 > 0, \alpha_2 > 0, \beta > 0$
Domain :	$0 \leq x < +\infty$
Mean :	$\frac{\beta \alpha_1}{\alpha_2 - 1} \quad \text{for } \alpha_2 > 1$
Mode :	$\frac{\beta(\alpha_1 - 1)}{\alpha_2 + 1} \quad \text{for } \alpha_1 > 1$ <p style="text-align: center;">0 <i>otherwise</i></p>
Variance :	$\frac{\beta^2 \alpha_1 (\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 - 1)}{(\alpha_2 - 1)^2 (\alpha_2 - 2)} \quad \text{for } \alpha_2 > 2$
Skewness :	$2 \sqrt{\frac{\alpha_2 - 2}{\alpha_1 (\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 - 1)}} \left[\frac{2\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 - 1}{\alpha_2 - 3} \right] \quad \text{for } \alpha_2 > 3$
Kurtosis :	$\frac{3(\alpha_2 - 2)}{(\alpha_2 - 3)(\alpha_2 - 4)} \left[\frac{2(\alpha_2 - 1)^2}{\alpha_1 (\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 - 1)} + (\alpha_2 + 5) \right]$ <p style="text-align: right;"><i>for } \alpha_2 > 4</i></p>

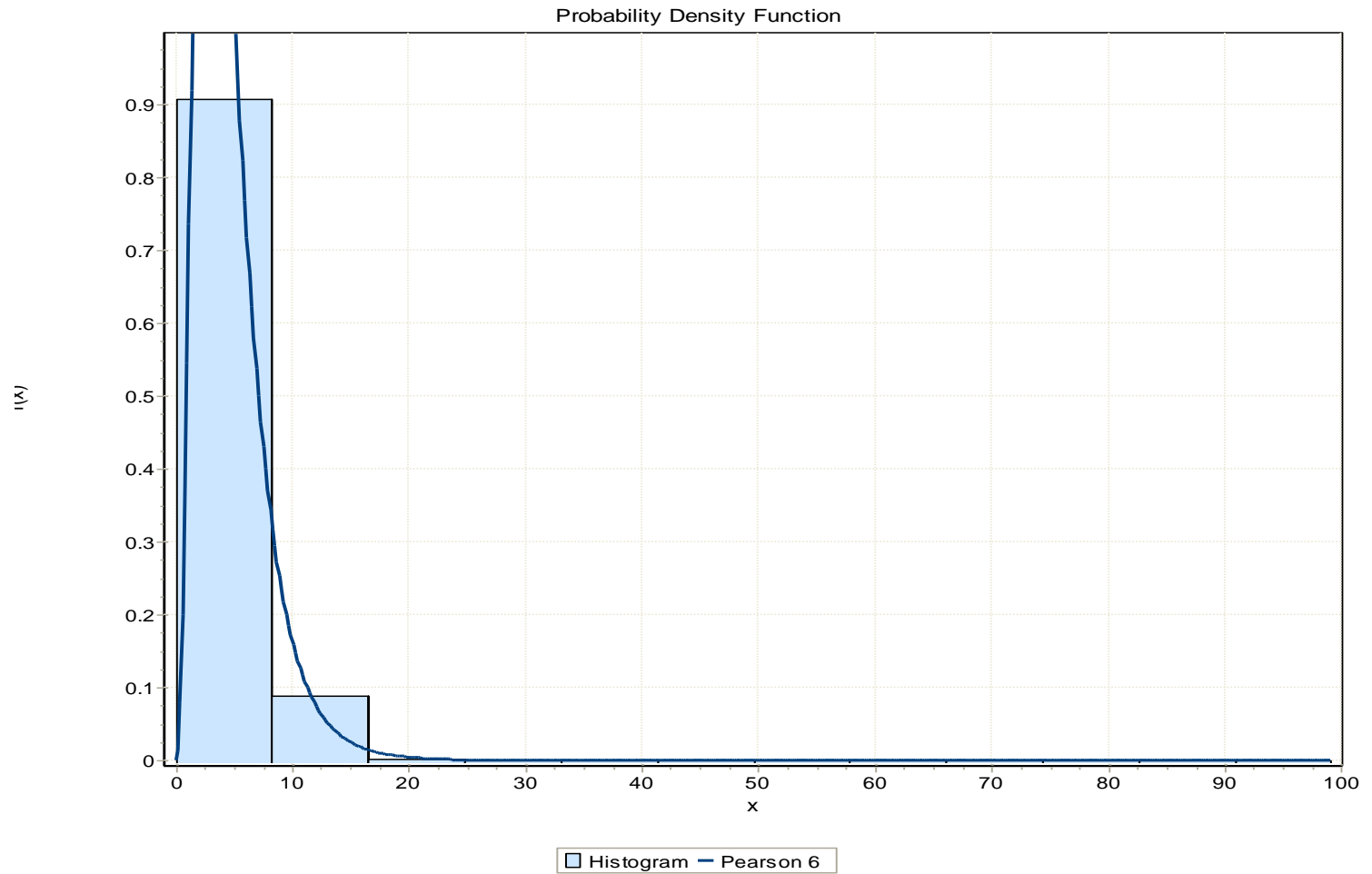
Distribution African American race- SCLC :



$$\hat{k} = 3.71, \hat{\alpha} = 1.717, \hat{\beta} = 3.591$$

Probability density function :	$f(x) = \frac{\beta^{-\alpha} x^{\alpha-1} \exp\left(-\frac{x}{\beta}\right)}{\Gamma(\alpha)}$
Cumulative distribution function :	<i>No closed form</i>
Parameter restriction :	$\alpha > 0, \beta > 0$
Domain :	$x \geq 0$
Mean :	$\alpha\beta$
Mode :	$\begin{matrix} \beta(\alpha-1) & \text{if } \alpha \geq 1 \\ 0 & \text{if } \alpha < 1 \end{matrix}$
Variance :	$\alpha\beta^2$
Skewness :	$\frac{2}{\sqrt{\alpha}}$
Kurtosis :	$3 + \frac{6}{\alpha}$

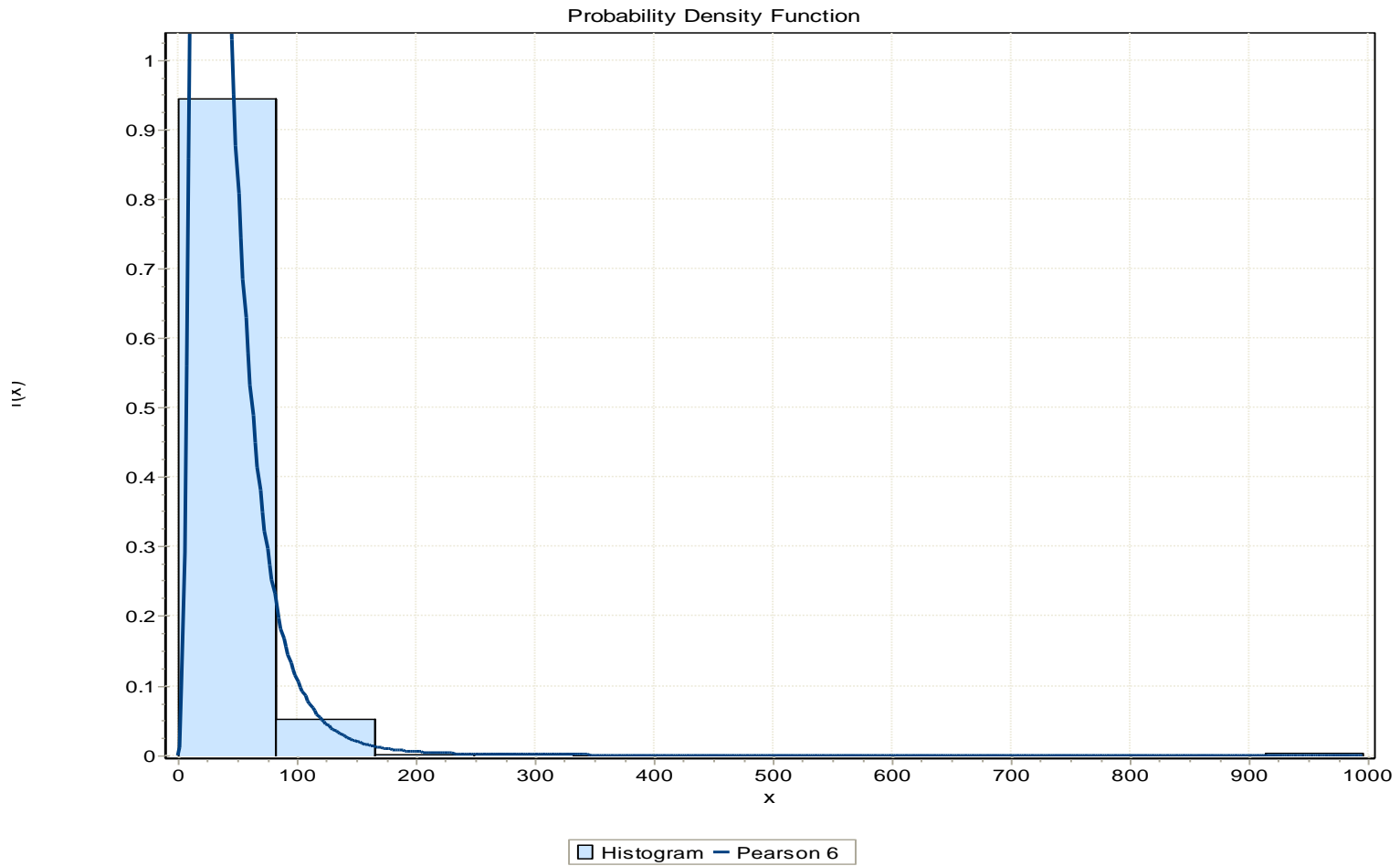
African American-NSCLC Distribution:



$$\hat{\alpha}_1 = 3.873, \hat{\alpha}_2 = 10.88, \hat{\beta} = 11.88$$

Probability density function :	$f(x) = \frac{1}{\beta B(\alpha_1, \alpha_2)} \frac{(x/\beta)^{\alpha_1-1}}{\left(1 + \frac{x}{\beta}\right)^{\alpha_1+\alpha_2}}$ <p>where $B(\alpha_1, \alpha_2)$ is a Beta function</p>
Cumulative distribution function :	No closed form
Parameter restriction :	$\alpha_1 > 0, \alpha_2 > 0, \beta > 0$
Domain :	$0 \leq x < +\infty$
Mean :	$\frac{\beta \alpha_1}{\alpha_2 - 1} \quad \text{for } \alpha_2 > 1$
Mode :	$\frac{\beta(\alpha_1 - 1)}{\alpha_2 + 1} \quad \text{for } \alpha_1 > 1$ <p style="text-align: center;">0 <i>otherwise</i></p>
Variance :	$\frac{\beta^2 \alpha_1 (\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 - 1)}{(\alpha_2 - 1)^2 (\alpha_2 - 2)} \quad \text{for } \alpha_2 > 2$
Skewness :	$2 \sqrt{\frac{\alpha_2 - 2}{\alpha_1 (\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 - 1)}} \left[\frac{2\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 - 1}{\alpha_2 - 3} \right] \quad \text{for } \alpha_2 > 3$
Kurtosis :	$\frac{3(\alpha_2 - 2)}{(\alpha_2 - 3)(\alpha_2 - 4)} \left[\frac{2(\alpha_2 - 1)^2}{\alpha_1 (\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 - 1)} + (\alpha_2 + 5) \right]$ <p style="text-align: right;"><i>for } \alpha_2 > 4</i></p>

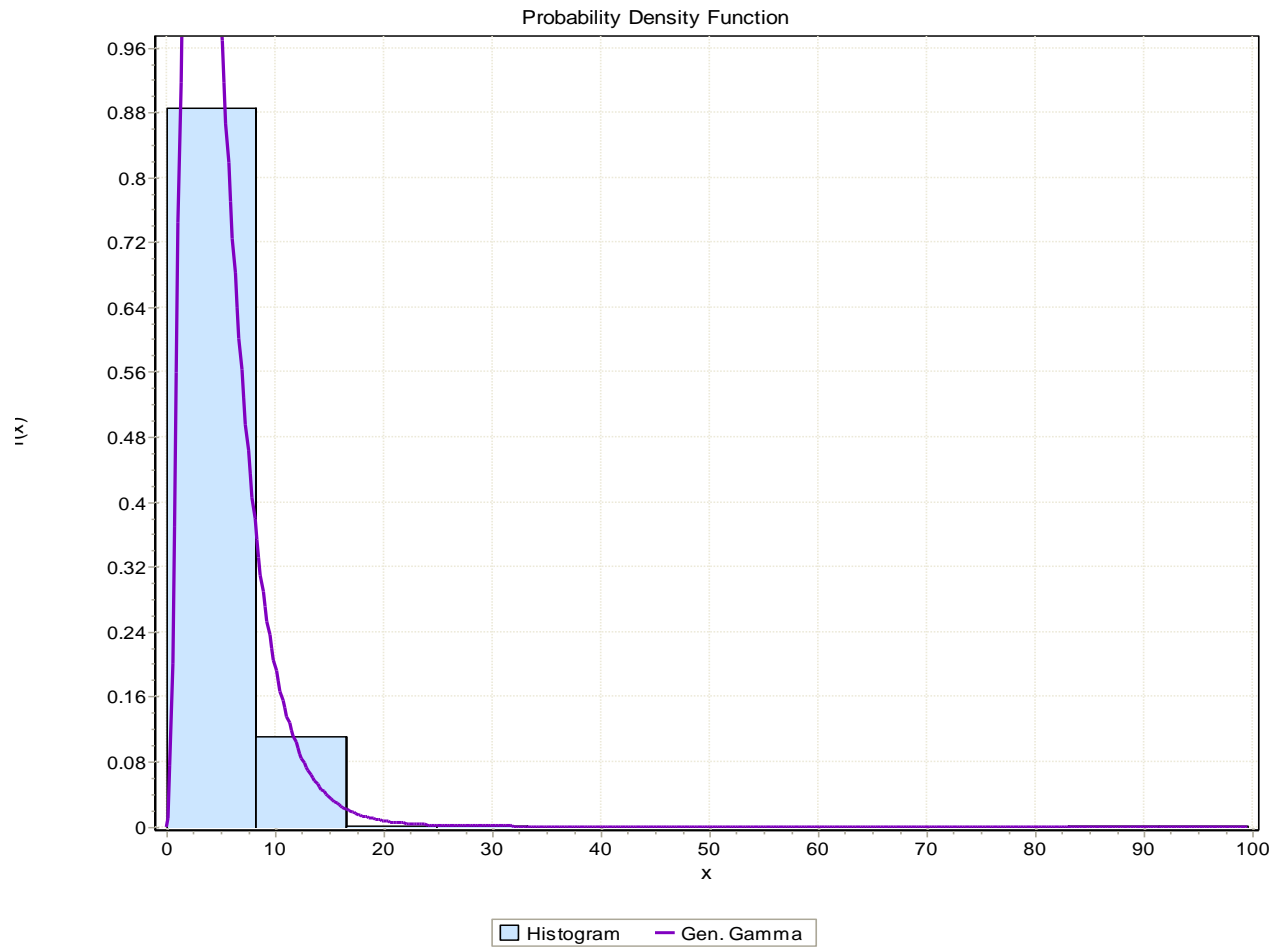
Lung Cancer (NSCLC and SCLC) Distribution White Race:



$$\hat{\alpha}_1 = 4.733, \hat{\alpha}_2 = 6.191, \hat{\beta} = 44.63$$

Probability density function :	$f(x) = \frac{1}{\beta B(\alpha_1, \alpha_2)} \frac{(x/\beta)^{\alpha_1-1}}{\left(1 + \frac{x}{\beta}\right)^{\alpha_1+\alpha_2}}$ <p>where $B(\alpha_1, \alpha_2)$ is a Beta function</p>
Cumulative distribution function :	No closed form
Parameter restriction :	$\alpha_1 > 0, \alpha_2 > 0, \beta > 0$
Domain :	$0 \leq x < +\infty$
Mean :	$\frac{\beta \alpha_1}{\alpha_2 - 1} \quad \text{for } \alpha_2 > 1$
Mode :	$\frac{\beta(\alpha_1 - 1)}{\alpha_2 + 1} \quad \text{for } \alpha_1 > 1$ <p style="text-align: center;">0 <i>otherwise</i></p>
Variance :	$\frac{\beta^2 \alpha_1 (\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 - 1)}{(\alpha_2 - 1)^2 (\alpha_2 - 2)} \quad \text{for } \alpha_2 > 2$
Skewness :	$2 \sqrt{\frac{\alpha_2 - 2}{\alpha_1 (\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 - 1)}} \left[\frac{2\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 - 1}{\alpha_2 - 3} \right] \quad \text{for } \alpha_2 > 3$
Kurtosis :	$\frac{3(\alpha_2 - 2)}{(\alpha_2 - 3)(\alpha_2 - 4)} \left[\frac{2(\alpha_2 - 1)^2}{\alpha_1 (\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 - 1)} + (\alpha_2 + 5) \right]$ <p style="text-align: right;"><i>for } \alpha_2 > 4</i></p>

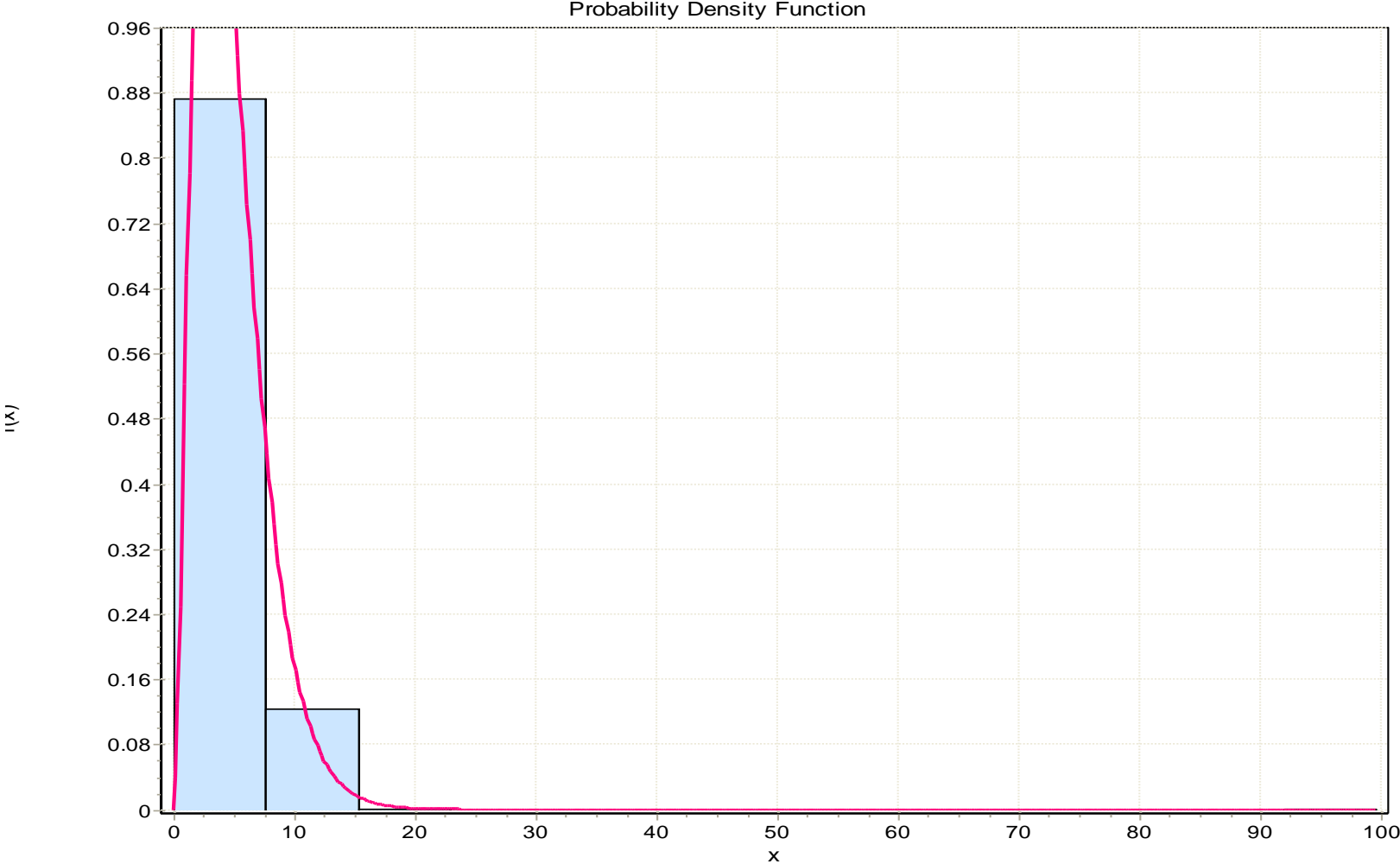
SCLC- White Race Distribution:



$$\hat{k} = 0.4471, \hat{\alpha} = 12.41, \hat{\beta} = 0.0158$$

Probability density function :	$f(x) = \frac{\beta^{-\alpha} x^{\alpha-1} \exp\left(-\frac{x}{\beta}\right)}{\Gamma(\alpha)}$
Cumulative distribution function :	<i>No closed form</i>
Parameter restriction :	$\alpha > 0, \beta > 0$
Domain :	$x \geq 0$
Mean :	$\alpha\beta$
Mode :	$\beta(\alpha-1)$ <i>if $\alpha \geq 1$</i> 0 <i>if $\alpha < 1$</i>
Variance :	$\alpha\beta^2$
Skewness :	$\frac{2}{\sqrt{\alpha}}$
Kurtosis :	$3 + \frac{6}{\alpha}$

NSCLC White Race Distribution:



Legend: Histogram (blue square), Gamma (magenta line)

$$\hat{\alpha} = 2.923, \hat{\beta} = 1.6420$$

Probability density function :	$f(x) = \frac{\beta^{-\alpha} x^{\alpha-1} \exp\left(-\frac{x}{\beta}\right)}{\Gamma(\alpha)}$
Cumulative distribution function :	<i>No closed form</i>
Parameter restriction :	$\alpha > 0, \beta > 0$
Domain :	$x \geq 0$
Mean :	$\alpha\beta$
Mode :	$\beta(\alpha-1)$ <i>if $\alpha \geq 1$</i> 0 <i>if $\alpha < 1$</i>
Variance :	$\alpha\beta^2$
Skewness :	$\frac{2}{\sqrt{\alpha}}$
Kurtosis :	$3 + \frac{6}{\alpha}$